

ProLight PBSG-1FLA-C 1W UV Power LED Technical Datasheet Version: 1.1

ProLight Opto ® PBSG Series

Features

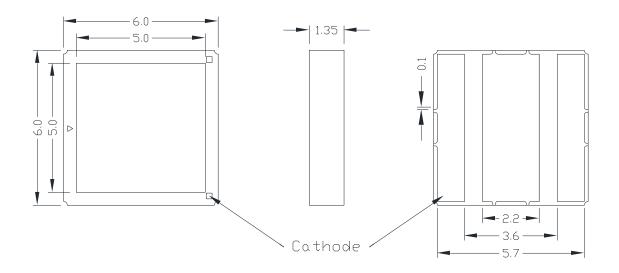
- ·Best thermal material solution of the world
- ·RoHS compliant
- ·Quartz Glass Lens
- ·View angle 125°

Main Applications

- ·Disinfection
- Phototherapy
- ·Bio-Analysis/Detection



Emitter Mechanical Dimensions



Notes:

- 1. The cathode side of the device is denoted by the chamfer on the part body.
- 2. Electrical insulation between the case and the board is required. Do not electrically connect either the anode or cathode to the slug.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 5. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are \pm 0.10mm.
- 6. Please do not solder the emitter by manual hand soldering, otherwise it will damage the emitter.
- 7. Please do not use a force of over 0.3kgf impact or pressure on the lens of the LED, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- *The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



Flux Characteristics at 100mA, T_j = 25°C

| Radiation | Color | Part Number | Radiometric Power (mW) | |
|------------|-------|-------------|------------------------|---------|
| Pattern | 33131 | Emitter | Minimum | Typical |
| Lambertian | UV-C | PBSG-1FLA-C | 8 | 10 |

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 10% on flux and power measurements.
- Please do not drive at rated current more than 1 second without proper heat sink.

Electrical Characteristics at 100mA, T_j = 25°C

| | Forward Voltage V _F (V) | | Thermal Resistance Junction to | |
|-------|------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Color | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Slug (°C/W) |
| UV-C | 5 | 7 | 9 | 37 |

 $[\]bullet$ ProLight maintains a tolerance of \pm 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Optical Characteristics at 100mA, T_J = 25°C

| | | | | | Total included Angle | Viewing Angle |
|------------|---------------|--------|-------------------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Radiation | Radiation Pea | | eak Wavelength λ₽ | | (degrees) | (degrees) |
| Pattern | Coloi | Min. | Тур. | Max. | $\theta_{0.90V}$ | 2 θ _{1/2} |
| Lambertian | UV-C | 265 nm | 278 nm | 285 nm | 160 | 125 |

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 3nm for dominant wavelength measurements.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | UV-C | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| DC Forward Current (mA) | 150 | |
| Peak Pulsed Forward Current (mA) | 200 (less than 1/10 duty cycle@1KHz) | |
| ESD Sensitivity | ±4000V | |
| (HBM per MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.7) | ±4000 ₹ | |
| LED Junction Temperature | 90°C | |
| Operating Board Temperature | -40°C - 60°C | |
| at Maximum DC Forward Current | -40 C - 00 C | |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C - 100°C | |
| Soldering Temperature | JEDEC-J-STD-020D | |
| Allowable Reflow Cycles | 3 | |
| Reverse Voltage | Not designed to be driven in reverse bias | |

Radiometric Power Bin Structure at 100mA

| Color | Bin Code | Minimum Radiometric Power (mW) | Maximum Radiometric Power (mW) | Available Color Bins |
|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | А | 8 | 10 | All |
| 111/ 0 | В | 10 | 12 | [1] |
| UV-C | D | 12 | 14 | [1] |
| | E | 14 | 16 | [1] |

- ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 10% on flux and power measurements.
- The flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- [1] The rest of color bins are not 100% ready for order currently. Please ask for quote and order possibility.



Peak Wavelength Bin Structure

| Color | Bin Code | Minimum Peak Wavelength (nm) | Maximum Peak Wavelength (nm) |
|-------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| UV-C | A B | 265 273 | 273 283 |
| | D | 283 | 285 |

ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 3nm for peak wavelength measurements.

Forward Voltage Bin Structure

| Color | Bin Code | Minimum Voltage (V) | Maximum Voltage (V) |
|-------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|
| UV-C | A | 5.0 | 5.5 |
| | B | 5.5 | 6.0 |
| | D | 6.0 | 6.5 |
| | E | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| | F | 7.0 | 7.5 |
| | G | 7.5 | 8.0 |
| | H | 8.0 | 8.5 |
| | J | 8.5 | 9.0 |

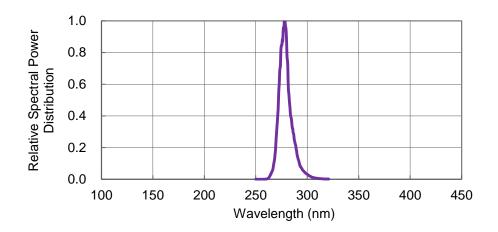
ProLight maintains a tolerance of ± 0.1V for Voltage measurements.

Note: Although several bins are outlined, product availability in a particular bin varies by production run and by product performance. Not all bins are available in all colors.



Color Spectrum, T_J = 25°C

1.UV-C



Forward Current Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

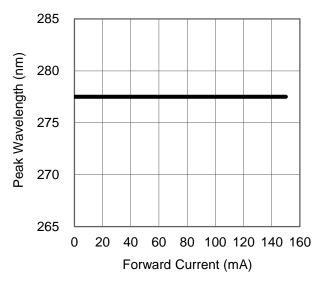


Fig 1. Forward Current vs. Peak Wavelength

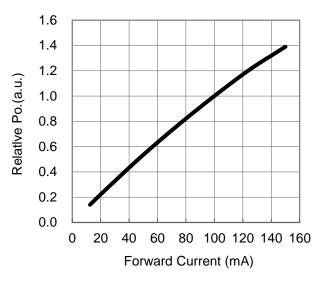


Fig 2. Forward Current vs. Relative Radiant Flux

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Forward Current Characteristics, T_J = 25°C

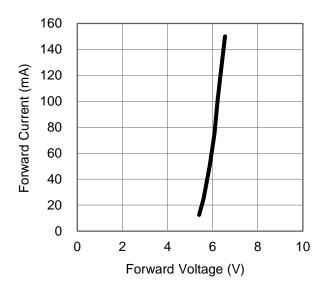


Fig 3. Forward Voltage vs Forward Current

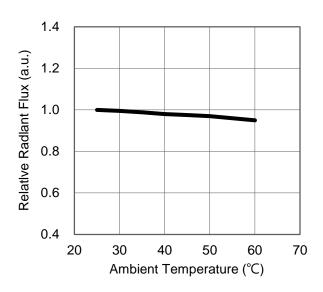


Fig 4. Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Radiant Flux

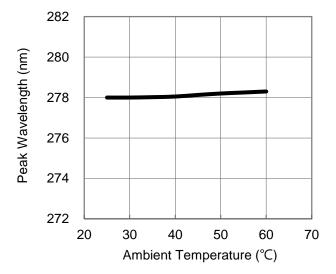


Fig 5. Ambient Temperature vs. Peak Wavelength

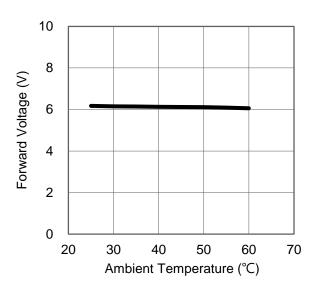


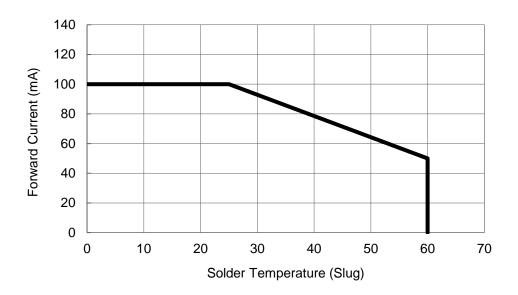
Fig 6. Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage

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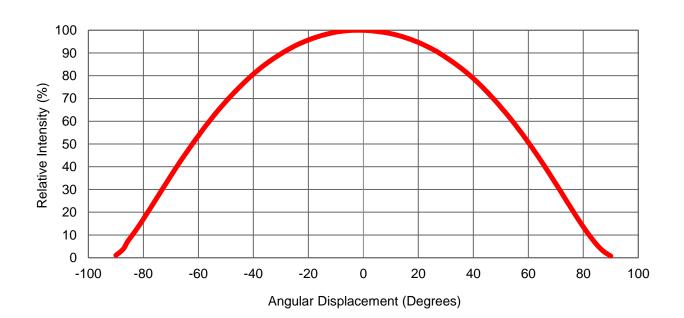
Solder Temperature (Slug) vs. Maximum Forward Current

1. UV-C $(T_{JMAX} = 90^{\circ}C)$



Typical Representative Spatial Radiation Pattern

Radiation Pattern





During Storage

| Conditions | | Temperature | Humidity | Time |
|------------|--------------------------------|-------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| | Before Opening Aluminum Bag | 5°C ~ 30°C | < 50%RH | Within 1 Year from the Delivery Date |
| Storage | After Opening Aluminum Bag | 5°C ~ 30°C | < 60%RH | ≤ 672 hours |
| | Baking | 65 ± 5°C | < 10%RH | 10 ~ 24 hours |

- The standard soak time includes a default value of 24 hours for semiconductor manufature's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and includes the maximum time allowed out of the bag at the distributor's facility.
- Table below presents the moisture sensitivity level definitions per IPC/JEDEC's J-STD-020D.



Qualification Reliability Testing

| Items | Test Conditions | Test Hours/Cycles | Sample Size |
|---|--|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Room Temperature Operating Life(RTOL) | Ta = 25°C, If = 150mA | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| High Temperature Operating Life (HTOL) | Ta = 85°C, If = 100mA | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| Wet High Temperature Operating Life (WHTOL) | Ta = 60°C, RH = 90%, If = 100mA | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| Low Temperature Operating Life (LTOL) | Ta = -10°C, If = 100mA | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| High Temperature Storage Life (HTSL) | Ta = 100°C | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| Low Temperature Storage Life (LTSL) | Ta = -40°C | 500 Hours | 10 pcs |
| Temperature Cycle (TC) | -40°C(30min) ~ 100°C(30min) | 500 Cycles | 10 pcs |
| Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) | Tsld = 260°C (Pre treatment 60°C,60% 168 hours) | 3 Times | 10 pcs |
| Electrostatic Discharge | R = 1.5kΩ, C = 100pF, Test Voltage = 2kV, H.B.M.(Human Body Model) | 3 Times Negative/ Positive | 10 pcs |
| Vibration | 100~2000~100Hz Sweep 4min. 200m/s2, 3 directions | 48 Minutes | 10 pcs |

Notes:

1. Depending on the maximum derating curve.

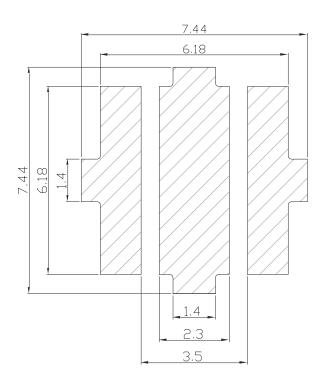
| Item | Test Condition | Criteria for Judgement | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| item | Test Condition | Min. | Max. |
| Forward Voltage (V _F) | $I_F = 100 \text{mA DC}$ | | Initial Level x 1.1 |
| Luminous Flux or Radiometric Power (Φ_V) | I _F = 100mA DC | Initial Level x 0.7 | |

^{*} The test is performed after the LED is cooled down to the room temperature.



Recommended Solder Pad Design

Standard Emitter

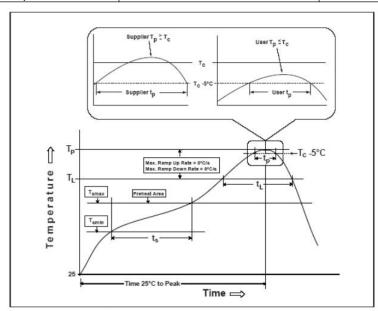


- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Electrical isolation is required between Slug and Solder Pad.



Reflow Soldering Condition

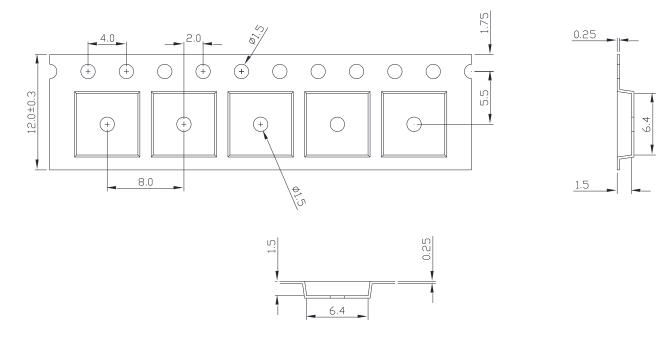
| Profile Feature | Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly | Pb-Free Assembly |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Average Ramp-Up Rate | 3°C / second max. | 3°C / second max. |
| (T _{Smax} to T _P) | | |
| Preheat | | |
| – Temperature Min (T_{Smin}) | 100°C | 150°C |
| – Temperature Max (T_{Smax}) | 150°C | 200°C |
| – Time (t _{Smin} to t _{Smax}) | 60-120 seconds | 60-120 seconds |
| Time maintained above: | | |
| – Temperature (T _L) | 183°C | 217°C |
| – Time (t _L) | 60-150 seconds | 60-150 seconds |
| Peak/Classification Temperature (T _P) | 235°C | 260°C |
| Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak | 10.20 seconds | 20.20 seconds |
| Temperature (t _p) | 10-20 seconds | 20-30 seconds |
| Ramp-Down Rate | 6°C/second max. | 6°C/second max. |
| Time 25°C to Peak Temperature | 6 minutes max. | 8 minutes max. |

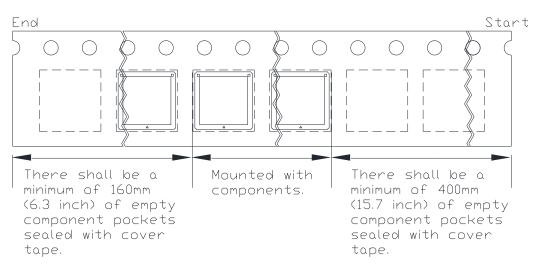


- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a
 double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the
 characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than three times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



Emitter Reel Packaging



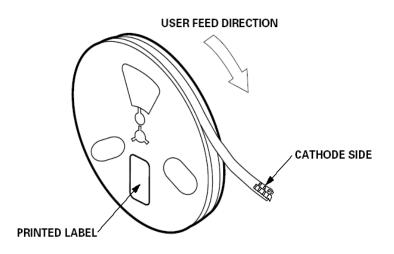


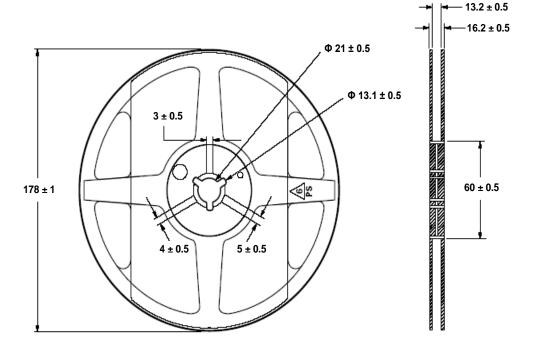
Notes:

- 1. Drawing not to scale.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, tolerances are \pm 0.10mm.



Emitter Reel Packaging





Notes

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 100, 250, 500 pieces per reel.
- 3. Drawing not to scale.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters.



Precaution for Use

Storage

Please do not open the moisture barrier bag (MBB) more than one week. This may cause the leads of LED discoloration. We recommend storing ProLight's LEDs in a dry box after opening the MBB. The recommended storage conditions are temperature 5 to 30 °C and humidity less than 40% RH. It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the MBB and to reseal the MBB.

- The slug is is not electrically neutral. Therefore, we recommend to isolate the heat sink.
- We recommend using the M705-S101-S4 solder paste from SMIC (Senju Metal Industry Co., Ltd.) for lead-free soldering.
- Do not use solder pastes with post reflow flux residue>47%. (58Bi-42Sn eutectic alloy, etc) This kind of solder pastes may cause a reliability problem to LED.
- Any mechanical force or any excess vibration shall not be accepted to apply during cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- Please avoid rapid cooling after soldering.
- Components should not be mounted on warped direction of PCB.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a heat plate should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When cleaning is required, isopropyl alcohol should be used.
- When the LEDs are illuminating, operating current should be decide after considering the package maximum temperature.
- The appearance, specifications and flux bin of the product may be modified for improvement without notice. Please refer to the below website for the latest datasheets. http://www.prolightopto.com/

Use Handling of Quartz Lens LEDs

Notes for handling of quartz lens LEDs

- Please do not use a force of over 3.0kgf impact or pressure on the quartz lens, otherwise it will cause a catastrophic failure.
- The LEDs should only be picked up by making contact with the sides of the LED body.
- Avoid touching the quartz lens especially by sharp tools such as Tweezers.
- Avoid leaving fingerprints on the quartz lens.
- Please store the LEDs away from dusty areas or seal the product against dust.
- When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the quartz lens must be prevented.
- Please do not mold over the quartz lens with another resin. (epoxy, urethane, etc)





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No. 89, Xiyuan Rd., Zhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: +886-3-461-8618 Fax: +886-3-461-8677 www.prolightopto.com